































- ☒ Dehghani, Farzaneh, et al. "Healing effect of garlic extract on warts and corns." *International journal of dermatology*, Vol. 44, No. 7, 2005, pp. 612-15.
- ☒ Lipke, Michelle M. "An armamentarium of wart treatments." *Clinical medicine & research*, Vol. 4, No. 4, 2006, pp. 273-93.
- ☒ Bongiorno, Peter B., Patrick M. Fratellone, and Pina LoGiudice. "Potential health benefits of garlic (*Allium sativum*): a narrative review." *Journal of Complementary and Integrative Medicine*, Vol. 5, No. 1, 2008.
- ☒ Hajheydari, Z., et al. "The effects of garlic topical gel (5%) in the treatment of Alopecia Areata." *Journal of Mazandaran University of Medical Sciences*, Vol. 16, No. 53, 2006, pp. 9-15.
- ☒ Chu, Qingjun, et al. "A novel anticancer effect of garlic derivatives: inhibition of cancer cell invasion through restoration of E-cadherin expression." *Carcinogenesis*, Vol. 27, No. 11, 2006, pp. 2180-89.
- ☒ Pazyar, Nader, and Amir Feily. "Garlic in dermatology." *Dermatology reports*, Vol. 3, No. 1, 2011.
- ☒ Silverberg, Nanette B. "Garlic cloves for verruca vulgaris." *Pediatric Dermatology*, Vol. 19, No. 2, 2002, pp. 83.
- ☒ Nagle, Dale G., Daneel Ferreira, and Yu-Dong Zhou. "Epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG): chemical and biomedical perspectives." *Phytochemistry*, Vol. 67, No. 17, 2006, pp. 1849-55.
- ☒ Nagle, Dale G., Daneel Ferreira, and Yu-Dong Zhou. "Epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG): chemical and biomedical perspectives." *Phytochemistry*, Vol. 67, No. 17, 2006, pp. 1849-55.
- ☒ Ahn, Woong Shick, et al. "A major constituent of green tea, EGCG, inhibits the growth of a human cervical cancer cell line, CaSki cells, through apoptosis, G1 arrest, and regulation of gene expression." *DNA biology*, Vol. 22, No. 3, 2003, pp. 217-24.
- [53] Ahn, W. S., et al. "Protective effects of green tea extracts (polyphenon E and EGCG) on human cervical lesions." *European journal of cancer prevention*, 2003, pp. 383-90.
- [54] Agarwal, Kailash C. "Therapeutic actions of garlic constituents." *Medicinal research reviews*, Vol. 16, No. 1, 1996, pp. 111-24.
- [55] Fleming, T. "PDR for herbal medicines: From Medical Economics Company." *New Jersey: USA*, Vol. 253 2000.
- [56] Seki, Taiichiro, et al. "Garlic and onion oils inhibit proliferation and induce differentiation of HL-60 cells." *Cancer letters*, Vol. 160, No. 1, 2000, pp. 29-35.
- [57] Weber, Norbert D., et al. "In vitro virucidal effects of *Allium sativum* (garlic) extract and compounds." *Planta medica*, Vol. 58, No. 05, 1992, pp. 417-23.
- [58] Michaëlsson, Gerd, et al. "Psoriasis patients with antibodies to gliadin can be improved by a gluten-free diet." *British Journal of Dermatology*, Vol. 142, No. 1, 2000, pp. 44-51.
- [59] Brown, Amy C., et al. "Medical nutrition therapy as a potential complementary treatment for psoriasis-five case reports." *Alternative Medicine Review*, Vol. 9, No. 3, 2004, pp. 297-07.
- [60] Zhou, Yong, et al. "Consumption of large amounts of *Allium* vegetables reduces risk for gastric cancer in a meta-analysis." *Gastroenterology*, Vol. 141, No. 1, 2011, pp. 80-89.
- [61] Galeone, Carlotta, et al. "Onion and garlic use and human cancer." *The American journal of clinical nutrition*, Vol. 84, No. 5, 2006, pp. 1027-32.

- [62] Rosenberg, E. William, and Patricia W. Belew. "Microbial factors in psoriasis." *Archives of Dermatology*, Vol. 118, No. 3, 1982, pp. 143-44.
- [63] Kidd, Parris M. "Multiple sclerosis, an autoimmune inflammatory disease: prospects for its integrative management." *Alternative Medicine Review*, Vol. 6, No. 6, 2001, pp. 540-66.